

**City of Titusville**  
"Gateway to Nature and Space"

**REPORT TO COUNCIL**

**To:** The Honorable Mayor and City Council  
**From:** William S. Larese, City Manager  
**Subject:** **Draft Comprehensive Plan Amendments to the Future Land Use, Transportation and Housing Elements and Draft Land Development Regulations**  
**Department/Office:** Community Development

**Recommended Action:**

Provide input as appropriate to the City Council on the draft Transmittal Hearing comprehensive plan amendments to the Future Land Use and Transportation Elements of the Comprehensive Plan. **(The City Council will hold the Transmittal Public Hearing at their regular City Council meeting on January 23, 2024 at 6:30 p.m.)**

**Summary Explanation & Background:**

On April 27, 2022, the Council directed the staff to propose a strategy whereby certain portions of the Draft 2040 TitusvilleTomorrow Comprehensive Plan may be incorporated into the adopted comprehensive plan. The staff recommended adopting four separate amendments, which included Mobility (Transportation), Housing and Historic Preservation, Land Use and Environmental.

The City's consultant, Kimley-Horn (formerly Canin Associates of Orlando), held a public engagement meeting on February 4, 2023, and presented draft Goals, Objectives and Policies (GOPs) to the Future Land Use, Transportation and Housing Elements of the Comprehensive Plan. The consultant will also present draft Land Development Regulations to help implement the GOPs. Environment related comprehensive plan amendments will be addressed as part of a future project. The consultant subsequently presented various iterations of the comprehensive plan amendments and code changes to the City Council at the March 28, April 25 and May 23, 2023, presentation meetings.

On August 8, 2023, the Council directed the staff to obtain public input on the draft comprehensive plan amendments and proposed changes to the Land Development Regulations. Three public meetings were held September 18, September 28 and October 5. More than 100 members of the public participated. On October 24, 2023, the staff presented to the Council a summary of the public input.

On November 28, 2023, the City Council directed the staff to schedule hearings to Transmit the comprehensive plan amendments to the State's Land Planning Agency for review. The Council

specifically requested to retain Future Land Use Element Policy 1.2.4 (actual 1.2.3) related to the location of commercial development. also included for the CRA's review are draft changes to the Downtown Mixed Use (DMU) zoning district regulations to implement the comprehensive plan amendments.

**Alternatives:**

**Item Budgeted:**

**Source/use of funds/Budget Book Page:**

**Strategic Plan:**

No. 1 – Quality of Life No. 2 – Efficient and Effective Services No. 3 – Financial Stability No. 4 – Economic Development No. 5 – Effective Governance

**Strategic Plan Impact:**

The City's comprehensive plan supports all aspects of the City's strategic plan.

**ATTACHMENTS:**

Description	Upload Date	Type
<input type="checkbox"/> Memo	7/21/2023	Backup Material
<input type="checkbox"/> Community meeting notes	1/2/2024	Backup Material
<input type="checkbox"/> Comp Plan Amendment Downtown FLUE TE	1/2/2024	Backup Material
<input type="checkbox"/> DMU Zoning	7/21/2023	Backup Material



**Proposed Vision-Based Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code Updates**  
**August 8, 2023**

The City of Titusville has been working with Kimley-Horn and Associates for over the past six months to outline recommendations for updates to policies and standards of the City's Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Regulations (LDRs). This effort builds on the results of the visioning exercise entitled *Titusville Tomorrow* completed in 2017. The updates to the Comprehensive Plan Goals, Objectives, Policies and Strategies (GOPs), and zoning regulations will promote "placemaking" principles for new and redevelopment opportunities in key areas of the City consistent with City-wide and area-specific vision concepts.

The presentation will provide a brief review of policies previously presented and an overview of proposed code updates. City staff and the consultant are seeking direction from City Council on the proposed updates and next steps which include bringing proposed comprehensive plan amendment to City Council for transmittal for state agency review.

**Proposed Comprehensive Plan Amendments**

During the May 23<sup>rd</sup> presentation, the Kimley-Horn team presented proposed updates to objectives, policies, and strategies of the Comprehensive Plan to implement the vision for Downtown, West Downtown, and the Gateway Corridors. Following that presentation, the consultant integrated updates and changes based on feedback from City leadership and staff which are incorporated into the current draft.

**Proposed Land Development Regulations**

The consultant developed proposed updates to the Land Development Code to further implement the policies and vision concepts previously presented for each area. The proposed changes to the Land Development Code are based on discussions regarding opportunities and challenges presented by City Leadership, City staff and the community that are consistent with the Citywide vision.

The following is a summary of proposed changes.

**Downtown Mixed Use**

- Identified a Primary Pedestrian Network of streets to include Garden Street, South Street, US-1, Main Street, and Palm Avenue. Provided appropriate streetscape requirements to include wider sidewalks and larger shade trees to provide a more walkable pedestrian realm.

- Revised the Downtown Parking requirements to mitigate excess parking and underutilizing valuable land area.
- Created a Density Pool for properties within the DMU Future Land Use designation to allow for increased densities and intensities in exchange for enhancements to the public realm, inclusion of affordable or workforce housing, architectural enhancements, and/or improving parks or landscaping.

#### West Titusville/Urban Mixed Use

- Created an overlay district permitting additional uses, new setbacks to create a more urban form for new developments, removed minimum lot sizes and residential unit sizes within the existing UMU Future Land Use designation west of Downtown.
- Prohibited new industrial uses, drive-throughs, and outdoor storage.
- Set new streetscape requirements for all streets in the overlay, with special attention to S. Park Ave., Main St., S Deleon St., and Tropic St. to create a Primary Pedestrian Network.
- Incentivized "missing middle" housing including small mixed-use and small multifamily development in the west of Downtown through a new density/intensity bonus program in exchange for enhancing the public realm, providing active ground floor uses, inclusions of affordable and/or workforce housing, conglomerating two or more lots in a redevelopment, and/or constructing new on-street parking.

#### Gateway Corridors

- The Gateway Corridors District regulations are optional for applicants proposing development under existing zoning districts.
- Provides a pathway for requesting density/intensity bonuses while complying with new standards requiring urban-style compact development, improved connectivity, and improved tree planting.
- Should any property vary from any standard of their existing zoning district regulations, apply for a density or intensity bonus, or seek a rezoning, all applicable regulations in this section are required.
- Applies to properties with a future land use designated for Commercial (High Intensity or Low Intensity), Planned Unit Development, High Density Residential, or Downtown-Mixed Use (applying outside of the Downtown CRA) adjacent to the following roadways:
  1. US-1
  2. Garden Street
  3. South Street (S.R. 405)
  4. Cheney Highway (S.R. 50)
- Provides for street frontage conditions along the gateways including frontage zones, pedestrian clear zones, planting zones, and options with frontage roads and a row of street-parking between the building and the street.

## **titusvilletomorrow: Downtown District**

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**Date:** Monday, September 18, 2023 5:00 p.m.

**Location:** St. Gabriel's Church

**City Staff Present:** Brad Parrish, Sue Williams

**Visitors:** 68

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### Public Comments:

1. Questions about parking – some concerns about enough parking. A few said they will park far for an event. Cocoa Village, New Smyrna.
2. Density no objections (voiced) pool. Several found it more efficient.
3. Concerns about lack of events, but also concerns about blocking driveways.
4. Concerns about speed on US 1.
5. Many appeared to not like removal of US 1 on street parking spaces.
6. Several voiced desire to see more mixed use, more business to move and open in downtown.
7. One concerned about multifamily development. Should only be single family detached homes in downtown.
8. One attendee was concerned about fecal matter at Scobie reported this week.
9. How can the plan help new or (re)development better manage stormwater runoff into the lagoon.
10. Several positive comments about downtown and desire to see improvements.
11. Everyone seemed to want downtown to be a destination.
12. One comment about how good landscaping on US 1 is, many agreed.
13. A few concerned about losing historic buildings.
14. A few stated their support historic preservation.
15. Would like to see bus or trolley services
16. Appealing shops and restaurants. Less business offices
17. Height allowance lower
18. Lower density in downtown
19. Landscape needs to be refreshed
20. One attendee was concerned about the plan potentially watering down historic policies.

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City of Titusville, Florida

# Comprehensive Plan Amendments

The amendments to the Future Land Use and Transportation Elements  
are specifically related to the Downtown.

Community Development Department  
1-2-2024

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## 1 FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT

### 2 Objective 1.10: Downtown Land Uses:

3 Downtown is the heart of Titusville. Downtown should have a memorable identity, foster a great variety  
4 of activities, and attract a critical mass of people to live, work, visit, and enjoy the small-town ambience of  
5 the community's center. The City of Titusville shall pursue the renewal of Downtown Titusville as the  
6 center of professional, governmental, financial and unique retail and redevelop blighted areas through  
7 the designation of downtown Titusville as a Downtown Titusville shall have a unique Downtown Mixed  
8 Use (DMU) on the Future Land Use Map which responds to the specific needs of the core downtown and  
9 nearby related areas. and pursue appropriate strategies based upon the following general factors and  
10 performance requirements.

#### 11 *Policy 1.10.1:*

12 Encourage development and redevelopment that allows a large variety of uses and  
13 increases the residential population including residential, civic, and employment uses to  
14 support a vibrant, active downtown. Enhance the visual attractiveness of the downtown  
15 area through creation of gateways at entry points of the downtown area and also as an  
16 entrance to the Canaveral National Seashore and the Merritt Island National Wildlife  
17 Refuge, with streetscape improvements, architectural continuity, and coordinated  
18 commercial signage along the major corridors entering the downtown area including but  
19 not limited to U.S. #1, Indian River Avenue, Main Street, and Washington Avenue.

#### 20 *Strategy 1.10.1.1:*

21 Permit a variety of business, civic, residential, and mixed-use development in the sub-areas of  
22 the Downtown Mixed Use district through adaptive reuse of existing building and new  
23 construction, as provided for in the Land Development Regulations, including office, retail,  
24 service, financial, restaurant, entertainment, lodging and residential uses. (Some of the  
25 language originally Policy 1.10.5)

#### 26 *Strategy 1.10.1.2:*

27 Promote infill and redevelopment through market analysis, public improvements and  
28 incentives as well as land development regulations. Identify needs and invest in common  
29 facilities to reduce barriers to redevelopment and provide more efficient and holistic  
30 solutions. Study the opportunity for a master stormwater system integrated with open space  
31 in downtown.

#### 32 *Strategy 1.10.1.3:*

33 Identify streets which are locally controlled and do not require coordination with other  
34 agencies, such as Palm Avenue, to fully implement slow-speed pedestrian-oriented  
35 environments that create gathering places and add value to downtown.

#### 36 *Strategy 1.10.1.4:*

37 Establish an active, pedestrian-oriented environment in the vicinity of existing arts activities  
38 including establishing public realm standards and identifying opportunities for public-private  
39 partnerships.

1      Strategy 1.10.1.5:

2      Maintain a robust presence of civic facilities downtown including City Hall, government  
3      offices, arts and performance venues, and government services to support activity downtown  
4      and ensure public access by locating facilities with multimodal access opportunities.

5      Strategy 1.10.1.6:

6      Support the redevelopment agency in the solicitation of development projects that further  
7      the downtown objectives by assisting in identification of sites, land assemblage, acquisition of  
8      permits, and appropriate financing. (Originally Policy 1.10.7)

9      Policy 1.10.2:

10     Encourage a substantial and diverse residential population downtown to serve a wide  
11     range of household types and incomes by encouraging investment in a mix of housing  
12     options. Utilize a waterfront orientation to link the downtown area with the Indian River,  
13     East Coast Greenway and Kennedy Space Center through the use of trails, pedestrian  
14     walkways, boardwalks, interpretive displays, educational programs, and launch and river  
15     viewing areas to create a unique office/retail/residential/open space environment.

16     Strategy 1.10.2.1:

17     Permit a variety of housing typologies including a broad range of unit types and sizes.

18     Strategy 1.10.2.2:

19     Facilitate the ability of families with children to live and work downtown by encouraging or  
20     providing family-friendly facilities such as playgrounds and daycare facilities.

21     Strategy 1.10.2.3:

22     Encourage a balance of rental and for-sale housing including the re-establishment of  
23     affordable owner occupied neighborhoods in the Downtown Mixed Use district to create a  
24     mix of residential housing choices of different types and intensities. (Some of the language  
25     originally Policy 1.10.9)

26     Strategy 1.10.2.4:

27     In order to increase the quality and volume of activity in the Downtown, incentives are to be  
28     established for the Downtown subdistrict of the Downtown Mixed Use district. Development  
29     projects that provide a significant public benefit, may access the Downtown Density Pool to  
30     provide additional residential units above the base density. Significant public benefits shall be  
31     defined in the Land Development Regulations and include the following:

- 32     Utilizing tax increment recapture programs, cost-share reimbursement grants, tax  
33     abatement programs, City and County impact fee assistance, rental subsidies for  
34     targeted businesses, and ad valorem incentives for affordable or workforce housing.
- 35     Providing a dedicated easement to expand the public realm on designated streets.
- 36     Participation in constructing an enhanced public realm on designated streets.
- 37     Providing certified affordable or workforce housing.
- 38     Providing additional publicly accessible parking.
- 39     Providing for active ground floor uses that enhance street life.
- 40     Assisting in improving parks or landscaping.

1                   Strategy 1.10.2.5:

2                   Within the Downtown Density Pool, residential density shall be calculated based on parcel  
3                   acreage for the entire district and not on an individual property basis.

4                   Policy 1.10.3:

5                   Create a multi-modal environment in Downtown to support a high level of activity in the  
6                   downtown area. Prioritize pedestrian and bicycle circulation. Encourage, promote and  
7                   provide active and intimate pedestrian outdoor spaces (plazas, waterfront walks,  
8                   shopping arcades, café's) with pedestrian scaled amenities (street furniture, lighting,  
9                   shade trees, canopy features) in conjunction with all public infrastructure projects in the  
10                   Downtown Mixed Use district.

11                   Strategy 1.10.3.1:

12                   Ensure building and site plans are oriented to promote pedestrian activity in Downtown to  
13                   encourage active transportation and support businesses. Buildings shall be sited and oriented  
14                   to encourage pedestrian access including direct access between the public sidewalk and main  
15                   entry without intervening parking areas.

16                   Strategy 1.10.3.2:

17                   Encourage active ground-floor uses adjacent to public sidewalks that promote active  
18                   pedestrian circulation including but not limited to retail, restaurants, lobbies, galleries, civic  
19                   uses, sidewalk sales, dining, and direct entrances to residential or office units.

20                   Strategy 1.10.3.3

21                   Street design shall prioritize pedestrian and bicycle activity through the allocation of right-of-way  
22                   and supportive design elements. Motor vehicle traffic shall be calmed to a speed that  
23                   complements a safe and comfortable pedestrian and bicycle precinct.

24                   Strategy 1.10.3.4:

25                   Canopy street trees, arcades and other architecture and landscape features should shade  
26                   walkways, sidewalks, and plazas to allow pedestrians to comfortably navigate downtown in  
27                   hot weather. A consistent tree canopy should be planted throughout Downtown through a  
28                   combination of public investment and maintenance, and standards for new development.

29                   Strategy 1.10.3.5:

30                   Bikeways providing access to various destinations in Downtown should be appropriate for  
31                   riders of various ages and abilities and connect to existing and proposed trail networks.

32                   Strategy 1.10.3.6:

33                   Solutions that reduce demand for parking shall be implemented including shared parking,  
34                   connectivity, transportation demand management, and “park once” strategies. The City shall  
35                   continue to plan for shared and publicly accessible parking facilities to efficiently meet the  
36                   parking needs for new downtown developments through public and private partnerships.

37                   *(Some of the language originally Policy 1.10.10)*

38                   Strategy 1.10.3.7:

39                   Motor vehicle access should be well-organized with minimal disruption to pedestrian  
40                   circulation, including the provision of cross-access where feasible and curb management that  
41                   anticipates commercial loading, ride-sharing, and autonomous vehicles.

1 *Policy 1.10.4:*

2 ~~Provide for public use of existing and new created waterfront access areas through the~~  
3 ~~utilization of such mechanisms as public access easements, visual corridors/breezeways and~~  
4 ~~river front acquisition programs. Enhance the visual attractiveness of the downtown area by~~  
5 ~~enhancing streetscapes, creating a network of public spaces, and enhancing gateways into~~  
6 ~~downtown.~~ *(Originally Policy 1.10.1 in part)*

7 *Strategy 1.10.4.1:*

8 Open spaces within Downtown should include a variety of typologies including pocket parks  
9 to serve daily needs, family-friendly playgrounds and play spaces, and one or more major  
10 open space to accommodate community gatherings. Leverage existing public land to create  
11 high value open spaces that provides great gathering places for residents and incentivize  
12 private sector redevelopment in the near term.

13 *Strategy 1.10.4.2:*

14 Identify at least one significant green space opportunity to provide a central gathering space  
15 in downtown connecting business activities with the waterfront and providing space for  
16 community-wide events.

17 *Strategy 1.10.4.3:*

18 Reconceptualize Mariners Way to better serve existing and future activities in Downtown.

19 *Strategy 1.10.4.4*

20 The Land Development Regulations shall identify a Primary Downtown Pedestrian Network  
21 and prioritize a high-value public realm on these streets including enhanced streetscaping,  
22 wider sidewalks and active frontages. The City shall identify funding sources including public-  
23 private partnerships to implement these improvements, including incentives.

24 *Strategy 1.10.4.5:*

25 Plan for underground utilities, including alternate implementation strategies, with a priority  
26 on the Primary Downtown Pedestrian Network. *(Some of the language originally Policy*  
27 *1.10.11)*

28 *Strategy 1.10.4.6:*

29 Enhance entry points of the downtown area and also as an entrance to the Canaveral  
30 National Seashore and the Merritt Island National Wildlife Refuge, with streetscape  
31 improvements, architectural continuity, and coordinated commercial signage along the major  
32 corridors entering the downtown area including but not limited to U.S. #1, Indian River  
33 Avenue, Main Street, and Washington Avenue. *(Originally Policy 1.10.1 in part)*

34 *Policy 1.10.5:*

35 Prioritize connections between Downtown and the waterfront to increase public access  
36 and views of the Indian River. Encourage mixed use development in the sub areas of the  
37 Downtown Mixed Use district, as provided for in the Land Development Regulations,  
38 including office, retail, service, financial, restaurant, entertainment, lodging and  
39 residential uses through market analysis, adaptive reuse, public improvements and  
40 incentives as well as land development regulations.

[Strategy 1.10.5.1:](#)  
Utilize a waterfront orientation to link the downtown area with the Indian River, East Coast Greenway and Kennedy Space Center through the use of trails, pedestrian walkways, boardwalks, interpretive displays, educational programs, and launch and river viewing areas to create a unique office/retail/residential/open space environment. *(Originally Policy 1.10.2)*

**Strategy 1.10.5.2:**  
Provide for public use of existing and new created waterfront access areas through the utilization of mechanisms such as public access easements, visual corridors/breezeways and river front acquisition programs. (*Originally Policy 1.10.4*)

Policy 1.10.6: The Downtown Mixed-Use (DMU) category shall recognize the variety of character areas encompassed by Downtown and its adjoining neighborhoods and corridors. Encourage the location of future civic facilities downtown by identifying parcels, which could be combined to provide the acreage, needed to support such development and identify support facility needs.

**Strategy 1.10.6.1:**  
The Land Development Code shall identify subdistricts with unique standards for a variety of character areas within the Downtown Mixed Use category.

Policy 1.10.7: Support the redevelopment agency in the solicitation of development projects that further the downtown objectives by assisting in identification of sites, land assemblage, acquisition of permits, and appropriate financing. (Moved to Strategy 1.10.1.6)

Policy 1.10.8:  
Emphasize development east of U.S. 1 Hwy during initial redevelopment phases that can use the waterfront amenity to capture development interests and act as a catalyst for development of the Downtown Mixed Use district.

**Policy 1.10.9:**  
~~The City shall encourage permanent residency and the re-establishment of affordable owner occupied neighborhoods in the Downtown Mixed Use district to create a mix of residential housing choices of different types of intensities. (Moved to Strategy 1.10.2.3)~~

Policy 1.10.10:  
The City shall continue to plan to meet the ~~parking needs~~ for new downtown developments through public and private partnerships. *(Moved to Strategy 1.10.3.6)*

**Policy 1.10.11:** Determine the feasibility of underground utilities, including alternate implementation strategies.

## 1 TRANSPORTATION ELEMENT

### 2 Goal 1:

3 A safe, convenient and energy efficient transportation system in the City of Titusville that serves  
4 the needs of all residents and visitors. The system shall promote multiple modes of  
5 transportation for goods and people to encourage stability and an improved quality of life.

#### 6 Objective 1.1:

7 The City shall improve and maintain safety, convenience, connectivity, and energy  
8 efficiency within the transportation system.

##### 9 *Policy 1.1.1:*

10 A Level of Service (LOS) E is established for arterial and Collector roadways. A  
11 Level of Service (LOS) D is established for roadways on the Florida Intra-state  
12 Highway System (FIHS) and Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) per the Florida  
13 Department of Transportation

##### 14 *Strategy 1.1.1.1:*

15 The City shall study the opportunity to transition to a Multimodal Level of  
16 Service / Multimodal Quality of Service that takes into account all modes  
17 of transportation.

##### 18 *Policy 1.1.2:*

19 The City shall require transportation connectivity between land uses and  
20 development sites in the Land Development Regulations to provide for multiple  
21 access points for emergency management and to facilitate multiple modes of  
22 transportation.

##### 23 *Policy 1.1.3:*

24 Parking facilities will be convenient to major generators and attractors and  
25 intermodal terminals within the City and provisions for adequate parking shall be  
26 included in the City's Land Development Regulations.

##### 27 *Strategy 1.1.3.1:*

28 Solutions that reduce demand for surface parking shall be implemented  
29 including shared parking, connectivity, transportation demand  
30 management, and district "park once" strategies.

##### 31 *Strategy 1.1.3.2:*

32 Parking requirements for multi-phase projects should be flexible and  
33 anticipate potential changes in parking demand as autonomous vehicles  
34 become more prevalent.

##### 35 *Policy 1.1.4:*

36 The City shall cooperate with Brevard County and the Space Coast Transportation  
37 Planning Organization in the use of transportation demand management

1 strategies as a means to reduce peak hour travel demand and the number of  
2 vehicle miles traveled.

3 *Policy 1.1.5:*  
4 The City shall cooperate with Brevard County and the Space Coast Transportation  
5 Planning Organization in the use of transportation systems management  
6 strategies to preserve the capacity of existing transportation systems.

7 *Policy 1.1.6:*  
8 The City shall participate with Brevard County, the Space Coast Transportation  
9 Planning Organization, and Florida Department of Transportation to establish a  
10 performance monitoring system for the transportation system.

11 *Policy 1.1.7:*  
12 Standards for safe and convenient on-site traffic flow are contained in the City's  
13 Land Development Regulations. On-site circulation standards should account for  
14 all user types including motor vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians.

15 *Policy 1.1.8:*  
16 The City shall evaluate and whenever feasible, support transportation systems  
17 management activities that will reduce motor vehicle miles traveled ~~travel~~  
18 ~~demands~~, or increase the use of energy-efficient non-motorized vehicles, public  
19 transit, and micro-mobility options ~~alternative modes of transportation~~ to  
20 conserve energy, reduce greenhouse gases, reduce noise, water and air pollution  
21 and discourage urban sprawl.

22 *Strategy 1.1.8.1:*  
23 All alternatives should be considered prior to increasing motor vehicle  
24 capacity through lane addition to existing roadways, including multimodal  
25 improvements, connectivity improvements, construction of parallel  
26 facilities, operational improvements, and intersection improvements.

27 *Policy 1.1.9:*  
28 The City shall require new ~~DRI~~ or large scale planned development to make  
29 contributions, enhancements or provisions towards the public transportation  
30 system to promote energy conservation and reduce greenhouse gases.

31 *Objective 1.2:*  
32 The City's transportation policy and standards shall be consistent with the Future Land  
33 Use Element, the Housing Element, the Intergovernmental Coordination Element, and  
34 the Capital Improvements Element of the City's adopted Comprehensive Plan.

35 *Policy 1.2.1:*  
36 The City shall coordinate with local, regional and state transportation agencies to  
37 ensure that transportation planning supports land use objectives.

1                   *Policy 1.2.2:*

2                   Expansion of transportation related facilities within the City shall be realized  
3                   consistent with the following strategies:

4                   *Strategy 1.2.2.1:*

5                   The City shall ensure that expansion of transportation related facilities is  
6                   consistent with the adopted Comprehensive Plan through active participation in  
7                   the planning and design of these facilities with the appropriate service provider.

8                   *Strategy 1.2.2.2:*

9                   Standards have been established in the City's Land Development  
10                  Regulations to mitigate adverse impacts of the expansion of  
11                  transportation facilities upon adjacent natural resources and land uses.

12                  *Strategy 1.2.2.3:*

13                  Standards have been established in the City's Land Development Regulations to  
14                  protect and conserve natural resources within and adjacent to airport  
15                  transportation related facilities. *Policy 1.2.3:*

16                  The City shall continue to implement the Land Development Regulations and  
17                  adopt new regulations to provide and improve access to various land uses and to  
18                  meet the City's future transportation needs.

19                  *Objective 1.3:*

20                  The City shall strive to provide variety transportation option that includes bicycle,  
21                  pedestrian and public transit facilities to promote alternative modes of transportation.  
22                  The City shall provide bicycle and pedestrian ways through development of plans, Land  
23                  Development Regulations or development controls.

24                  *Policy 1.3.1:*

25                  The City shall promote the development of "Complete Streets" that are designed,  
26                  built, and maintained in a manner that accommodates not only automobiles, but  
27                  transit vehicles and non-motorized modes of travel such as pedestrian ways,  
28                  bicycle paths and also accommodates disabilities. "Complete Streets" shall seek to  
29                  be aesthetically pleasing and provide for a tree shaded and comfortable  
30                  environment for all users. The City shall continually pursue funding to beautify  
31                  streets.

32                  *Policy 1.3.2:*

33                  The City shall improve the bicycling and pedestrian environment by providing  
34                  bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure and amenities and by seeking to provide  
35                  wider sidewalks. In new development or redevelopment, walking and bicycling  
36                  shall be promoted by establishing pedestrian-friendly streets with sidewalks  
37                  and/or bike paths.

1                   *Policy 1.3.3:*

2                   The City shall seek funding in order to participate with Space Coast Area Transit in  
3                   the provision of bus shelters along transit routes, particularly in areas of frequent  
4                   use.

5                   *Policy 1.3.4:*

6                   The City shall develop a City-wide park and greenway plan to link greenway, trails  
7                   and park system within the City and link them to regional trails, other state parks  
8                   and conservation areas.

9                   *Policy 1.3.5:*

10                  The City in coordination with the Space Coast Transportation Planning  
11                  Organization shall develop a bicycle and pedestrian master plan.

12                  *Policy 1.3.6:*

13                  Space Coast Regional Airport and Arthur Dunn Air Park will be protected from the  
14                  encroachment of incompatible land uses through application of the Airport  
15                  Impact Overlay District in the City's LDR's.

16                  **Objective 1.4:**

17                  The City shall coordinate the transportation system plans and programs with other e  
18                  affected governmental entities to ensure that the most efficient and cost effective course  
19                  of action is followed and that strategies demonstrating the area wide coordination  
20                  necessary to implement all provisions of this element are utilized.

21                  *Policy 1.4.1:*

22                  The City shall identify the transportation needs and problems of the City and they  
23                  shall be addressed through coordination with local, Space Coast Transportation  
24                  Planning Organization, regional and state plans, and the FDOT Adopted Work  
25                  Program.

26                  *Policy 1.4.2:*

27                  The City shall participate in the development of a system-wide multi-modal  
28                  transportation network master plan.

29                  **Objective 1.5:**

30                  The City shall support comprehensive transportation planning to examine public transit  
31                  service needs based on existing and proposed major trip generators and attractors, and  
32                  new growth trends shall be addressed.

33                  *Policy 1.5.1:*

34                  The provision of transit service to the City shall be coordinated with Space Coast  
35                  Area Transit as part of their capital improvement and transit development  
36                  planning process.

1                   *Policy 1.5.2:*

2                   The City shall continue to explore the option of increasing transit routes and  
3                   frequencies.

4                   *Policy 1.5.3:*

5                   The City shall support and participate in the State of Florida's Amtrak/FEC  
6                   Corridor Project to establish passenger rail service along Florida's East Coast and  
7                   establishing a service station in the City of Titusville.

8                   *Strategy 1.5.3.1:*

9                   The City shall participate in the planning and design of the project,  
10                   including the application for grant funding to construct the project.

11                   *Strategy 1.5.3.2:*

12                   The City shall be responsible for maintaining the station facility.

13                   **Objective 1.6:**

14                   The City shall protect existing and future rights-of-way from building encroachment.

15                   *Policy 1.6.1:*

16                   Rights-of-way shall be protected from encroachment through implementation of  
17                   the following strategies:

18                   *Strategy 1.6.1.1:*

19                   Standards to protect existing rights-of-way shall be incorporated in the  
20                   City's LDR's.

21                   *Strategy 1.6.1.2:*

22                   Future right-of-way needs shall be pursued or reserved as far in the future  
23                   as possible to minimize costs and facilitate planning and design activities.

24                   *Policy 1.6.2:*

25                   The City may vacate street right-of-way only if it does not prevent reasonable  
26                   connection for existing and future public transit, pedestrian, and non-motorized  
27                   and motorized vehicle trips.

28                   **Objective 1.7:**

29                   The City shall promote access to transportation related facilities and ensure that they are  
30                   coordinated with the circulation system shown on the map(s) adopted as part of the  
31                   element.

32                   *Policy 1.7.1:*

33                   Convenient movement between the various transportation facilities within the  
34                   City shall be facilitated through the following strategies:

### Strategy 1.7.1.1:

Where feasible, intermodal terminals should be located adjacent to two or more transportation modes.

### Strategy 1.7.1.2:

Access to and between modes and terminals shall be designed to minimize operational conflicts.

### Strategy 1.7.1.3:

Participation among the various transportation service providers is crucial to terminal siting, construction, and operation.

## Objective 1.8:

The City shall coordinate the operation of, and improvements to, the transportation system with the plans and programs of the various entities responsible for providing transportation related facilities.

### Policy 1.8.1:

The City shall participate in the development of a system-wide multi-modal transportation network master plan.

### Policy 1.8.2:

To protect the interregional and intrastate functions of the Florida Intrastate Highway System (FIHS), the following strategies will be used to encourage local alternatives:

### Strategy 1.8.2.1:

Signal synchronization, intersection improvements, and other congestion management techniques to reduce travel delay and encourage local alternatives to the FIHS.

### Objective 1.9:

Application of transportation solutions should be context-sensitive.

### Policy 1.9.1:

Context-sensitive solutions recognize that roadway design should respond to the intensity and configuration of existing and planned land uses surrounding the facility. Areas with features such as higher density, higher intensity, transit access, civic facilities, facilities for children or the elderly, high street connectivity, or traditional, pedestrian-oriented pattern should prioritize non-motorized travel and micro-mobility. Areas with features such as lower density, lower intensity, low street connectivity, high-volume trucking, or critical regional motor vehicle routes may prioritize motor vehicle circulation. All facilities should provide

1                   *Policy 1.9.2:*

2                   Downtown: The City shall prioritize pedestrian and bicycle circulation to support a  
3                   high level of activity in the downtown area.

4                   [Strategy 1.9.2.1](#)

5                   Street design shall be place-based and contribute to the urban design of  
6                   downtown.

7                   [Strategy 1.9.2.2](#)

8                   Motor vehicle traffic shall be calmed to a speed that complements a safe  
9                   and comfortable pedestrian and bicycle precinct.

10                   [Strategy 1.9.2.3](#)

11                   Downtown shall have shaded walkways, sidewalks and plazas to allow  
12                   pedestrians to comfortably navigate downtown in hot weather.

13                   [Policy 1.9.2.4](#)

14                   Bikeways providing access to various destinations in Downtown should be  
15                   appropriate for riders of various ages and abilities and connect to existing  
16                   and proposed trail networks.

**Sec. 28-7. Additional requirements for zoning districts consistent with Downtown Mixed-Use land use.**

(a) In addition to the applicable requirements contained elsewhere in these regulations, all property developed after the date of adoption of this section and zoned Single-Family High Density (R-1C), Multifamily High Density Residential (R-3), Tourist (T), Neighborhood Commercial (NC), Community Commercial (CC), Office Professional (OP), Light Industrial Services and Warehousing (M-1) and Public (P), that is located in a Downtown Mixed-Use land use as shown on the adopted Future Land Use Map shall comply with the following additional requirements:

- (1) Tourist (T), Neighborhood Commercial (NC), Community Commercial (CC), Office Professional (OP), and Light Industrial Services and Warehousing (M-1) zoning shall be permitted where:
  - a. Property has frontage on and access only from a collector of higher roadway; or
  - b. Property has frontage on Orange Street; or
  - c. Property has frontage on Buffalo Road; or
  - d. Property abuts a railroad right-of-way.
- (2) Ground signs shall not exceed fifteen (15) feet in height.
- (3) Fences, walls, and/or screens exceeding thirty (30) inches in height shall be prohibited forward of the front or street side facade of the principal structure.
- (4) If all required off-street parking can otherwise be accommodated on site, the required front and street side setbacks can be substituted with a minimum ten-foot deep landscaped buffer area. ~~Within this area, impervious coverage shall not exceed three hundred (300) square feet in any front or street side yard.~~
- (5) In the Neighborhood Commercial (NC), Office Professional (OP) and Light Industrial Services and Warehousing (M-1) zoning districts, outdoor storage, retail sales and/or display shall be prohibited between the principal structure and any road right-of-way.
- (6) In the Tourist (T) and Community Commercial (CC) zoning districts, outdoor retail sales and display may be permitted as a Conditional Use within the DMU Land Use designation except as noted:
  - a. A conditional use permit shall not be required for retail sales and display of automobiles.
  - b. Outdoor retail sales and/or display shall not be permitted when such activity is specifically prohibited by use restrictions within the particular zoning district.
- (7) Outdoor storage is permitted in the rear and interior side area provided this area is enclosed with a six-foot high opaque screen and no items so stored are visible over the enclosure/opaque screen.
- (8) A conditional use permit shall not be required for outdoor storage and/or display in the Public (P) zoning district.

## **ARTICLE III. DOWNTOWN MIXED-USE SMART CODE**

### **DIVISION 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS**

#### **Sec. 28-26. Intent/purpose.**

The general intent of this Land Development Code provision is to establish procedures and standards for the development of land within the City of Titusville Downtown Community Redevelopment Area (DCRA) boundary, enforceable under the planning jurisdiction of the City of Titusville in an effort to:

- (a) Provide for and encourage development within the DCRA in a manner that is harmonious with its environs, consistent with the Downtown CRA Plans, and Plans and Codes of the City.
- (b) Stimulate economic growth and redevelopment of not only the downtown, but the U.S. 1 corridor and other major corridors leading thereto.
- (c) Coordinate design pattern of streets, sidewalks, and other transportation facilities, including multi-modal forms of transportation.
- (d) Encourage public and civic spaces for recreation, water resource management, public gatherings, and placemaking.
- (e) ~~Assure flood prevention, proper storm drainage, and appropriate utility systems so development is not a burden to the DCRA.~~
- (f) Conserve valuable and scenic natural features, with provision for adequate open space.
- (g) Conserve valuable and culturally significant historic structures and characteristics.
- (h) Promote the public health, safety, and general welfare by creating incentives for or eliminating impediments to a quality, well-planned development.
- (i) Require a high degree of quality and aesthetics in developments.

#### **Sec. 28-27. Relationship to downtown Master Plan from the downtown Master Plan.**

~~The purpose of the Community Redevelopment Plan Update was to develop a plan for coordinated growth in the Downtown CRA through a series of strategic initiatives that can be realized over the next fifteen (15) to twenty (20) years. The plan identifies investments aimed at preserving the established qualities of the Downtown area and creating a vibrant mixed-use town center environment. The plan also identifies redevelopment opportunities to enhance local market conditions for new commercial and residential development, and to maximize the revitalization potential of the entire DCRA. The long-range vision reflects the objectives articulated by residents at workshops. These objectives include creating a series of clearly defined centers along the length of the DCRA. The plan envisions the addition of new mixed-use buildings on infill lots along the Washington/Hopkins one-way pairs, new open space amenities, enhanced streetscape conditions, and new public facilities (parking structures and stormwater ponds) that will increase the area's capability to accommodate new growth.~~

~~The plan envisions new standards for future development. These standards or regulations will be aimed at preserving the historic character while creating more appealing physical conditions. The goal is to realize a downtown area through "smart growth" that will attract and sustain private investment and create a unique sense~~

of place. The following implementation recommendations in the plan are intended as follow up measures in the Downtown CRA over the next five (5) to eight (8) years.

The private sector initiatives indicated include the following:

- (a) Implement the River Park mixed use development next to the Stormwater Park.
- (b) Develop a variety of new residential opportunities throughout the DCRA.
- (c) Develop infill housing in the North and South Palm Street areas and adjacent to the FEC railroad.
- (d) Begin development of the Sand Pointe Plaza project and general area.

The public sector initiatives are as follows:

- (a) Conduct a real estate/market analysis and feasibility study for the DCRA.
- (b) Acquire land and assemble feasible development parcels around the Garden Street and U.S. 1 intersection.
- (c) Acquire land in the North Palm Street and South Palm Street areas.
- (d) Implement the Stormwater Park project.
- (e) Acquire land in the Town Center, Civic Center, and Southern Gateway areas for central parking and stormwater facilities.
- (f) Implement a priority streetscape enhancement program throughout the DCRA and at major entry points.
- (g) Implement proposed FDOT improvements along Washington Avenue and Hopkins Avenue.
- (h) Implement effective historic preservation measures.

The recommended regulatory issues include the following:

- (a) The adoption of a long range development plan for the DCRA.
- (b) Modify the Comprehensive Plan to reflect the Town Center concept.
- (c) Modify existing zoning or establish an overlay district to attract desired types of development.
- (d) Adopt a "form based" code and development standards.
- (e) Create a local historic district for the Old Town residential area.
- (f) Establish historic preservation criteria for commercial properties in the Town Center area.

These strategies are aimed at leveraging and maximizing the impact of future public investment in attracting private sector investment, and ensuring that the area develops in a manner consistent with the "vision" of the community.

This hybrid, form based code seeks to implement the strategies identified above through a variety of tools:

- (a) Updating and integrating the existing Land Development Codes into one (1) concise document containing "everything anyone ever wanted to know" about development in Downtown Titusville. This makes it easier on the public sector, but more importantly, on the private, who needs to have consistency, clarity, and known expectations in order to assume the risk associated with redevelopment projects. It also attempts to streamline the process by having more flexibility, less travel through various boards/agencies, and more control for staff and the DCRA.

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- (b) Using the concept of Smart Growth, and the model for Smart Codes, which looks at communities from the standpoint of a "transect", which are development areas lying between rural, suburban, and urban development zones.
- (c) Visually expressing the codes to streamline and be "user friendly". Pictures tell a story and the graphic depiction of what the words mean can allay problems with interpretation, semantics, and expectations.

### **Sec. 28-28. Relationship to Comprehensive Plan and City's Land Development Regulations.**

~~It is the intention of the City Council and Local Planning Agency that this Chapter also serves to implement the requirements of the Local Government Comprehensive Planning and Land Development Regulation Act, Section 163.3202 of the Florida Statutes, which requires the adoption of Land Development Regulations. In the event of a conflict between these regulations and the Comprehensive Plan, the Comprehensive Plan shall prevail. The regulations herein have been established in accordance with the Community Redevelopment Plan with reasonable consideration, among other things, to prevailing land uses, growth opportunities, the elimination of slum and blight and to encourage the development and redevelopment of land in the community redevelopment area and community input. Therefore, the district provides regulations to implement applicable goals, objectives and policies of the City's redevelopment efforts to be consistent with the applicable goals, policies and objectives of the City's Comprehensive Plan.~~

In the event of a conflict between these regulations and the Citywide Land Development Regulations, this chapter shall prevail. In the event of any conflict, the Administrator shall make a determination that may be appealed to the DCRA.

### **Sec. 28-29. Location, land use and zoning maps.**

Maps 1—7 in Section 28-32 depict the general location, land use, zoning, DCRA sub-districts, and existing street network.

### **Sec. 28-30. Applicability.**

The Central Business District (CBD), and any other zoning district in the Community Redevelopment Area with the exception of the Residential Historic Preservation District is hereby repealed in its entirety and replaced with a new district entitled:

- (a) ~~Downtown Mixed Use Zoning District. The Downtown Mixed Use (DMU) zoning district is hereby established to promote the health, safety, social and economic welfare of the residents of the City by increasing the City's tax base and promoting the long term economic growth and vitality of the downtown area. This district enables the City to encourage public and private development compatible with the character of the downtown area and in conformance with the Community Redevelopment Plan. The DMU encourages a mix of uses and development form throughout the District. Through the DMU, the City can become the center for economic and business affairs, expand employment and living opportunities, protect historic resources, promote new investment, protect the natural beauty and public spaces that make Titusville special, and encourage public use (not necessarily ownership) of the waterfront. It is further intended that this district will use the existing grid street network as the spine or bones of improved pedestrian and vehicular circulation, parking management, and encouragement of excellence in urban design, preserving the unique character and historic fabric of the downtown. In this way, the City will have a diverse, welcoming downtown for entertainment, tourism, employment, recreation, business, and living.~~

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(b) *Downtown Mixed-Use Zoning District (DMU) Boundaries.* The boundaries of the Downtown Mixed-Use (DMU) zoning district are the same as the boundaries of the Downtown Community Redevelopment Area, with the exception of the Residential Historic Preservation Zoning District. The Residential Historic Preservation District shall retain the same zoning designation; however, all properties in this district with the DCRA shall comply with the Administrative procedures of Chapter 28, Article III, Division 1. The Downtown Community Redevelopment Area as created by City Council under Ordinance 66-1982 pursuant to the powers conferred by Section 163.330, Florida Statutes, entitled "The Community Redevelopment Act of 1986" and any amendments thereto, specifically those powers granted in Section 163.330 et seq. [Florida Statutes], and as refined within this subsection. The boundaries of the Community Redevelopment area are as follows:

- (1) *North.* The northwest property line of Parcel 28, Section 33, running southwest-northeast and extending from FEC Railroad on the west to the center of the navigable portion of the Indian River on the east.
- (2) *South.* An east-west line running parallel with the center line of Grace Street and extending from the FEC Railroad to the west, to the center of the navigable portion of the Indian River on the east.
- (3) *East.* A line running generally north and south, but continuous to the center of the navigable portion of the Indian River, and extending from the intersection with the south boundary as described above [and the] intersection with the north boundary as described above.
- (4) *West.* A line running generally north and south and parallel to the FEC Railroad, and extending from the intersection of the north boundary to the center line of Grace Street on the south.
- (5) *Exception.* Except the following: Beginning at the confluence of the west mean high water line of the Indian River and the east terminus of the River View Place right-of-way; thence west along the north right-of-way line of River View Place to the west right-of-way line of Indian River Avenue; thence south along the west right-of-way line of Indian River Avenue to the south right-of-way line of Palmetto Street; thence west along the south right-of-way line of Palmetto Street one hundred twenty-five (125) feet; thence south and parallel to the west right-of-way of Indian River Avenue to the south right-of-way line of Grace Street; thence east along the south right-of-way line of Grace Street to the west mean high water line of the Indian River; thence north along the west mean high water line of the Indian River to the point of beginning. (See Community Development Department for any question pertaining to boundaries.)

Within the Downtown Mixed-Use District (DMU) and the Residential Historic Preservation Zoning District, all applicable laws pertaining to the DCRA and including the goals and objectives of the Community Redevelopment Plan shall be adhered to.

~~The regulations established in the DMU have been established in accordance with the Community Redevelopment Plan with reasonable consideration, among other things, to prevailing land uses, growth opportunities, the elimination of slum and blight and to encourage the development and redevelopment of land in the community redevelopment area and community input. Therefore, the district provides regulations to implement applicable goals, objectives and policies of the City's redevelopment efforts so as to be consistent with the applicable goals, policies and objectives of the City's Comprehensive Plan.~~

(c) *Severability.* If any part or provision of this section or application thereof to any person or circumstances is adjudged invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such judgment shall be confined in its operation to the part, provisions or application directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. That judgment shall not affect or impair the validity of the remainder of this section or the application thereof to any other persons or circumstances.

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- (d) *Repeal of conflicting ordinances.* The provisions of this section shall supersede any ordinance in conflict herewith. The procedure for processing development within the redevelopment area shall be in accordance with this ordinance and shall supersede conflicting provisions.
- (e) *Enactment.* This section shall take effect as provided by law; provided that when any provisions of this ordinance [section/article] are amended, the effective date of such amendment shall apply for the purposes of deciding any question directly controlled by such amendment.

### **Sec. 28-31. Guiding principles.**

~~Decision making by City staff, boards, agencies, and Council should be influenced by the following guiding principles:~~

- (a) ~~That development within the DMU should be compact, pedestrian oriented, and Mixed Use.~~
- (b) ~~That ordinary activity of daily living should occur within walking distance of most dwellings, allowing independence to those who do not drive.~~
- (c) ~~That interconnected networks of streets, alleys, sidewalks, bike paths, and greenways should be designed to disperse traffic and reduce the length of automobile trips.~~
- (d) ~~That within neighborhoods, a range of housing types and price levels should be provided to accommodate diverse ages and incomes.~~
- (e) ~~That appropriate building densities, intensities, heights, and land uses should be provided within the DMU to create a viable, thriving urban center.~~
- (f) ~~That development should encourage or be served by transit and within walking distance of transit stops.~~
- (g) ~~That Civic, Institutional, and Commercial activity should be embedded in downtowns.~~
- (h) ~~That a range of open space including parks, squares, playgrounds, and other civic spaces should be distributed within the neighborhood and downtown.~~
- (i) ~~That buildings and landscaping should contribute to the physical definition of streets, sidewalks, outdoor seating, plazas, and similar civic places.~~
- (j) ~~That development should adequately accommodate automobiles while respecting the pedestrian and the spatial form of public areas.~~
- (k) ~~That the design of streets and buildings should reinforce safe environments, but not at the expense of accessibility.~~
- (l) ~~That architecture and landscape design should reflect the Titusville climate, topography, history, and building practice.~~
- (m) ~~That buildings, infrastructure, site design, and features should utilize energy efficient methods.~~
- (n) ~~That civic buildings and public gathering places should be provided to reflect and reinforce community identity.~~
- (o) ~~That the preservation and renewal of historic buildings should be facilitated, to affirm the continuity and evolution of this community and our society.~~
- (p) ~~That new construction should be compatible with adjacent uses, respect the natural environment, and create little impact on the adjacent built environment.~~

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### **Sec. 28-33. Administration, submittals and review process.**

- (a) *Interpretation.* Interpretation of the standards in this section shall be the responsibility of the City Manager or designee. Appeals from his/her interpretations shall be taken to the Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency (DCRA).
- (b) *Design review process.* The DRC shall have authority to review and approve all aspects of exterior architecture, signage, landscape, streetscape or hardscape improvements for aesthetic appropriateness, and conformance to the adopted DMU District Code and Design Guidelines; and, for conformance to the City Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code for all projects equal to or less than one and one-half (1.5) acres in size or with buildings up to ten thousand (10,000) square feet in size. The DCRA shall receive recommendations from the DRC and make final approval on all projects in excess of one and one-half (1.5) acres or ten thousand one (10,001) square feet. Any appeals to a decision of the DRC shall be heard by the Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency (DCRA). Said decision must be appealed within thirty (30) days after rendered. The fee for the appeal shall be as adopted by the City.
- (c) *Minimum submittal requirements for design review for DMU projects.* At a minimum, the following shall be required for review of projects to be located within the redevelopment area on undeveloped sites, all sites greater than one and one-half (1.5) acres, or on sites where a building is to be demolished or renovated to more than fifty (50) percent of its current assessed value:
  - (1) A current certified site survey.
  - (2) A conceptual site plan, drawn to either one (1) inch equals twenty (20) feet or as agreed upon by staff ~~one (1) inch equals fifty (50) feet~~, which shall contain:
    - a. Building locations and orientations and landscape areas;
    - b. Parking locations and number of spaces;
    - c. Paved surfaces, materials, and locations;
    - d. Site location diagram, map and legal description:
      - 1. Signage; and
      - 2. Tree survey of all trees larger than eight (8) inches dbh.
    - e. Building elevations illustrating all sides of structures that face public streets or spaces and specific architectural design elements for which bonuses may be sought.
    - f. Description of density or height bonuses being applied for and justification, as applicable.
    - g. Landscape Plan
    - g-h. Other supporting documentation as may be requested or required.
- (d) *Site Development Agreement or Binding Development Agreement.* May be used to confirm or establish via negotiation the form of on- or off-site improvements that are required to be performed by either an owner, developer, or stakeholder and the DCRA. Such agreements shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 34, Article VIII of the City's Land Development Regulations.

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### **Sec. 28-37. Incentives.**

- (a) To encourage development within the DCRA, the City Council may grant the following incentives, to the extent authorized by state law:
  - (1) Applications for development within the DCRA shall be processed with priority over those in other areas of the City.
  - (2) The DCRA sub-committee may grant waivers for parking, setbacks, and on-site stormwater as set forth in Sec. 28-34 or others as may be provided for herein.
  - (3) The City may waive or reduce review fees for a certain period of time to the extent allowable or practical (under staff review).
  - (4) The DCRA may recommend, and City Council approve, increased density by the use of Transfer of Development Rights.
  - (5) As U.S. 1 is being improved and the City is a "Dense Urban Land Area" (DULA), the City may waive the traffic impact report, and allow a deferment of impact of fees.
  - (6) The DCRA may consider constructing those portions of a development that are for the public purpose: parking, stormwater, landscaping, plazas, civic spaces, required improvements in open space areas accessible for use by the public, roadway connectivity, pedestrian/bike paths, and the like.
  - (7) The DCRA may consider the reimbursement of Tax Increment Revenues anticipated to be derived from a development to that development over a negotiated period of time in order to help the project be financially feasible or meet their pro forma.

### **Secs. 28-38—28-40. Reserved.**

## *DIVISION 2. DOWNTOWN MIXED-USE (DMU) DISTRICT*

### **Sec. 28-41. Intent/purpose.**

~~In 2008, the Titusville Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency (DCRA) updated the adopted Redevelopment Plan. It states: "Overall, as redevelopment occurs in the City there is a need to remain flexible. Second, there is a need to identify the market forces that are shaping the available options and target efforts to take advantage of these forces. Third, redevelopment is generally more expensive than new development. We, therefore, need to offer developers the support of the DCRA, including the investment of the tax increment revenues generated by their projects back into the redevelopment area." The general intent of this provision of the Land Development Code is to establish urban redevelopment principles for the Downtown Mixed-Use (DMU) District, and the subdistricts, contained therein. This section fosters both new construction and adaptive reuse projects. This section of the new code seeks to identify encourages a large variety of uses, and provides a mix of housing to serve a wide range of household types and incomes. opportunities for both the overall new Downtown Mixed-Use (DMU) District, and the sub areas, contained therein.~~

### **Sec. 28-42. Instructions.**

~~Through the City's visioning and the recent workshops, there is a clear desire to recognize the Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency (DCRA) as the urban core and to create standards to allow for an urban style of development. There is a clear and present desire to integrate Smart Code principles. Smart Code principles are~~

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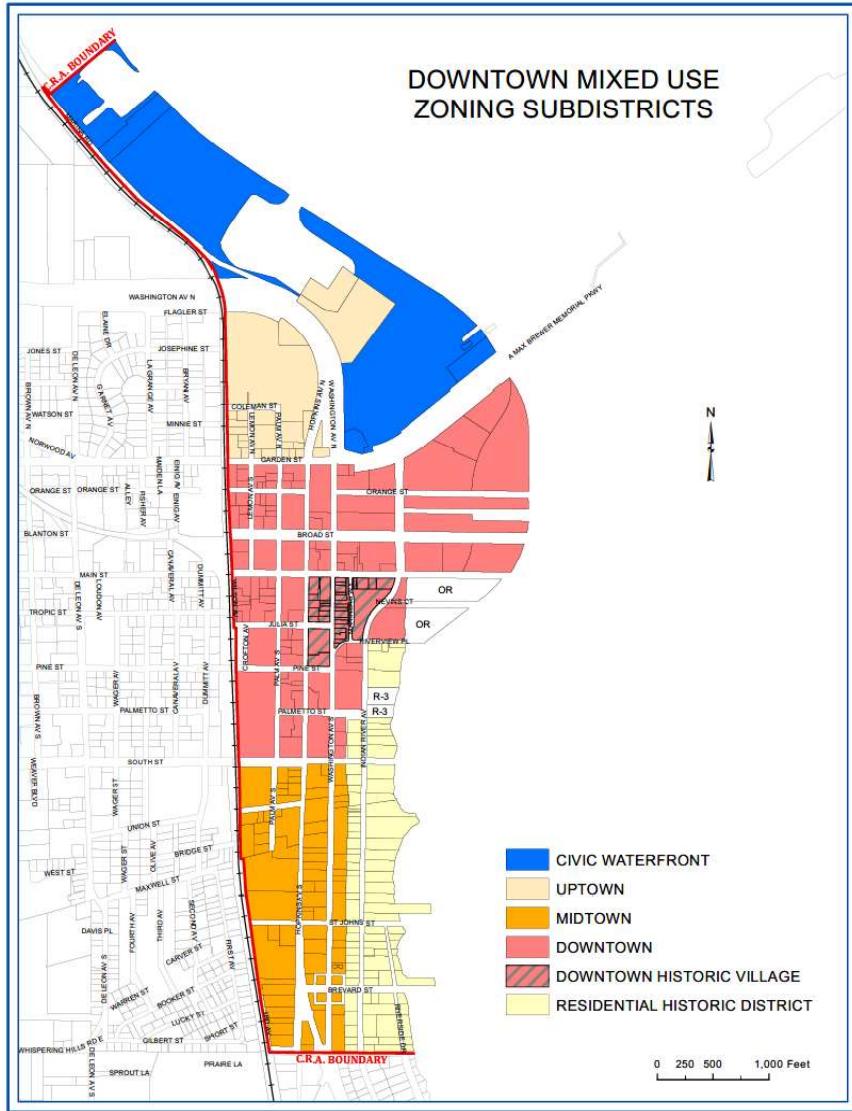
~~based upon a system known as the Transect, which divides an "environment" into segments based upon its geological, or in terms of a "City", its development form.~~

### **Sec. 28-42 3. Downtown Mixed-Use Zoning District.**

The Downtown Mixed-Use Zoning District (DMU) is established to promote the health, safety, social and economic welfare of the residents of the City by increasing the City's tax base and promoting the long-term economic growth and vitality of the downtown area. This district enables the City to encourage public and private development compatible with the character of the downtown area and in conformance with the Community Redevelopment Plan. The DMU encourages a mix of uses and development ~~from~~ throughout the District. Through the DMU, the City can become the center for economic and business affairs, expand employment and living opportunities, protect historic resources, promote new investment, protect the natural beauty and public spaces that make Titusville special, and encourage public use (not necessarily ownership) of the waterfront. It is further intended that this district will use the existing grid street network as the spine or bones of improved pedestrian and vehicular circulation, parking management, and encouragement of excellence in urban design, preserving the unique character and historic fabric of the downtown. In this way, will the City have a diverse, welcoming downtown for entertainment, tourism, employment, recreation, business and living.

### **Sec. 28-43 4. Sub-districts described.**

The specific uses, dimensions and development criteria are defined in Chapter 28, Article IV through Article IX. The sub-districts are described in the map below:



(a) **Uptown:** Located at the North end of the DCRA, this district has land on both sides of U.S. 1. The just north of Garden Street consists of smaller residential and commercial parcels to the south of a large vacant parcel. The privately held land on the east side of U.S. 1 is a marina and has opportunities to bring commerce to the waterfront and engage the public.

**Uptown—*The Smart Code Perspective Purpose:*** This area shall contain the higher density and height allowances, flexibility for building types, uses, and building placements and contain the greatest variety of uses, and civic buildings of regional importance. It may have smaller blocks; streets have steady street tree planting and buildings are set close to wide sidewalks.

**General character:** Medium to High-Density Mixed-Use buildings, entertainment, civic and cultural uses. Attached buildings forming a continuous street wall; trees within the public right-of-way; highest pedestrian and transit activity.

**Building placement:** Shallow setbacks or none; buildings oriented to street, defining a street wall.

**Frontage types:** Stoops, dooryards, forecourts, shopfronts, galleries, and arcades.

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*Typical building height:* Maximum of five (5) stories with a few shorter buildings; and up to ten (10) stories for multifamily uses west of US 1, convention/hotel/entertainment facilities and/or transit-oriented development as approved by the City Council with a recommendation from the DCRA.

*Type of civic space:* Parks, plazas and squares.

- (b) *Civic Waterfront:* This is the soul of the DCRA where there are physical, visual, and spatial connections to the water by the public and the uses found on the land. Uses are primarily to be water dependent and water related and open to the public. Uses also do not have to be publicly owned, but open and available for public use at least ten (10) hours per day.

- (c) *Residential Historic District:*

*Historical Residential—Smart Code Perspective Purpose:* As a neighborhood with the largest concentration of historic homes in the City, this area consists of unique architecture and low density residential areas, adjacent to higher zones that have some mixed residential uses, home occupations, professional offices, some personal service, accessory or outbuildings. Planting is naturalistic and setbacks are relatively deep. Blocks may be large and the roads irregular to accommodate natural conditions.

*General character:* Lawns, and landscaped yards surrounding detached single-family houses; pedestrians occasionally.

*Building placement:* Large and variable front and side yard setbacks.

*Frontage types:* Porches, fences, freestyle tree planting.

*Typical building height:* One- to two-story with some three-story buildings.

*Type of civic space:* Parks, greenways.

(Editor's note: The Residential Historic District is governed by the Residential Historic Preservation District.)

- (d) *Downtown.* This area is the heart of the DCRA. Predominately developed, downtown should contain the highest densities, intensities and heights creating a true downtown, urban area.

*Downtown—The Smart Code Perspective Purpose:* The heart of the DCRA, this urban center area shall consist of higher density mixed-use buildings that accommodate retail, offices, government, civic, and public buildings, along with a mix of housing types including rowhouses and multifamily units. It has a tight network of streets, with wide sidewalks, steady street tree planting and buildings set close to the sidewalks.

*General character:* Specialty, retail, general shopping mixed with residential, offices, workplace, and civic buildings; predominantly attached buildings; trees within the public right-of-way; substantial pedestrian activity.

*Building placement:* Shallow (little space between building and sidewalk) setbacks or none; buildings shall be oriented to the street and delineate the pedestrian realm, defining a street wall.

*Frontage types:* Stoops, shopfronts, galleries, dooryards, large window areas, higher first floor elevations.

*Typical building height:* Maximum five stories with a one-story waiver per chapter 28, zoning, article III, downtown Mixed-Use Smart Code, Division 1, General Provisions, Section 28-34-7, Project procedures for the community redevelopment area.

*Type of civic space:* Parks, plazas and squares.

*Downtown Historic Village:* Reserved.

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**Primary Downtown Pedestrian Network:** The following streets are considered the Primary Downtown Pedestrian Street Network within the DCRA: Garden St., South St., S Palm Ave., Main St. and US-1.

(e) **Midtown:** The southern gateway into the DCRA, Midtown, appears as more suburban than the other areas. Uses which can be dual classified between commercial and industrial are located within this area (or sub-district). The Midtown area is structured such that many of the uses are to be validated as part of sustainability, and guide their change through design elements. Redevelopment and new criteria will attempt to create a tighter urban environment to enhance the core.

**Midtown—The Smart Code Perspective Purpose:** General Urban Zone consists of mixed use. In this district, it is a heavier commercial fabric, with larger lot uses and development, such as vehicle sales, auto repair shops, some industrial uses, and scattered older residential uses within an urban fabric. It contains a wide range of building types more suburban in nature than urban, even though it is adjacent to the urban core. Setbacks and landscaping are variable. Streets with curbs and sidewalks define medium-sized blocks.

**General character:** Mix of houses, older, small apartment buildings with scattered industrial and commercial activity; little balance between landscape and buildings; large lots and uses are not conducive to pedestrians.

**Building placement:** Should have shallow to medium front and side yard setbacks.

**Frontage types:** Porches, fences, dooryards.

**Typical building height:** Three (3) stories.

**Type of civic space:** Squares, greens.

(f) **Transit Oriented Development (TOD) defined:** This Land Development Code envisions one (1) or more opportunities for a TOD: the area north of Garden in the Uptown District. TOD is an approach to development that focuses land uses around a transit station or within a transit corridor typically characterized by:

- A mix of uses.
- Moderate to high density.
- Pedestrian orientation/connectivity.
- Transportation choices.
- Reduced parking.
- High-quality design.

TODs shall be located within one-quarter-mile, or a five- to seven-minute walk, of a transit station. TODs may incorporate transit stations into a development, or focus on building reuse and infill. In more suburban areas, TOD often takes the form of new development clustered around a station on underutilized or vacant sites. TODs use landscaping, street furniture, street lighting, and other urban and site design features that encourage pedestrian activity to integrate the station area into the surrounding community. An essential ingredient of any successful TOD, whether in a large urban center or smaller village is connectivity between street networks and adjoining uses, which can be achieved through landscape design, sidewalks and pathways, signage, building facade treatments, parking strategies, and a variety of land uses. Historically, bus transit stops have not generated TODs because bus routes and stops, as well as level of services can be relocated at any time and vary. The trend toward public investment in busways with a dedicated right-of-way and large bus transit centers may make bus transit stations more attractive for transit-oriented development. The standard density for

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TODs is twelve (12) to fifteen (15) units per acre to make them feasible. A section of the Appendix will be devoted to design standards for TOD forms of development.

- (1) *Transit-Oriented design maximum height with bonus described.* A TOD design may apply for a height bonus of up to ten (10) stories for projects that meet the intent of TOD and requirements as described in Section 28-324. This approval shall be completed through Design Approval by the DCRA as described in Section 28-33 of these [Land Development] Regulations.

(Ord. No. 02-2020, § 1, 2-12-20; Ord. No. 19-2020, § 10, 11-10-20)

**Secs. 28-445. Site Design Standards.**

1. Building locations. Building facades facing a right-of-way shall be built parallel to the street.
2. Orientation. At least one pedestrian entrance of each principal structure shall be oriented towards the front lot line or street side lot line. Single-family homes are discouraged, however, if constructed, one pedestrian entrance of the principal structure shall be oriented towards the front lot line or street side lot line.
  - a. For duplex or townhome development on a corner lot or a through lot, all dwelling units must have a principal pedestrian entrance oriented toward the street.
  - b. For townhome units, all units must be accessible via pedestrian pathway connecting to the public sidewalk.
3. Direct pedestrian access shall be provided from the principal entrance of the building to the sidewalk on the closest public right-of-way.
4. Front and Street Side Yard Parking. Parking or drive aisles for multifamily and non-residential uses shall be prohibited in the front and street side yard setbacks.
5. Cross Access. Cross access easements and unified access and circulation must be provided unless the Planning Official, in coordination with the Public Works Director, determines that it is either technically impractical to provide such accommodation or that the providing of cross access easements and unified access and circulation would have a harmful impact to adjacent properties or streets.
6. Vehicular Site Access. New curb-cuts to Garden St. South St., S Palm Ave., Main St. and US-1, are discouraged, and are not allowed when a development site has ingress/egress locations available to side streets. Ideally, only one curb-cut at the mid-point of each block shall be allowed, except where this requirement results in unsafe or inefficient site circulation.
7. Surface and structured parking areas shall be accessed from a secondary street, from an adjacent property (joint access easement and shared use agreement necessary), or from rear alleys if any of these are available or proposed as part of the development.

### **DIVISION 3. DOWNTOWN DENSITY INCENTIVE PROGRAM**

**Secs. 28-465. Intent/purpose.**

To implement Policy 1.10.1-2 of the Comprehensive Plan, this section aims to increase the residential population of Downtown Titusville to support a vibrant and active downtown. It incentivizes residential

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developments by providing a bonus structure for additional residential units above the base density, called a Density Pool.

### **Sec.28-46 7. Instructions.**

The Downtown Density Incentive Program is hereby established for all properties lying within the Downtown subdistrict of the Downtown Mixed-Use Zoning. The overlay district applies to all properties located in the subdistrict regardless of the existing land use. The proposed project may be mixed-use or exclusively residential development. Development proposals are subject to approval of the DRC as noted in Sec. 28-33.

### **Secs. 28-47 8. Density Pool.**

To access the Density Pool, development projects must provide a significant public benefit beyond the typical requirements of the Land Development Code. Development projects must include two or more of the following criteria to be approved through the DRC at the time of master plan application. The DRC shall impose a reasonable density bonus based on the application and public benefits presented.

1. Participation in constructing an enhanced public realm on designated streets.
  - a. This could include additional streetscape enhancements, construction of on-street parking, installation of bioswales, improvements to an existing bus stop, providing resting or seating opportunities for pedestrians, or a similar treatment approved by the DRC.
2. Providing income-qualified affordable or workforce housing. The agreement shall specify the number of units within each income category and the period of affordability.
  - a. The City of Titusville uses the HUD definition of affordable housing which means housing affordable to those with incomes at or below 80%, (low income), 50% (very low income), and 30% (extremely low income) of the median income of the metropolitan area who pay no more than 30% of their gross income for housing.
  - b. Workforce housing means housing affordable to households between 80% and 120% of median income.
3. Providing off-site publicly accessible parking.
4. Providing for active ground floor uses that enhance street life.
  - a. This ground floor space must be suitable for non-residential uses. At a minimum, ceiling heights of at least 16', depth of at least 20', and street facing facades must be at least 30% transparency on the street and side street facing facades.
5. Assisting in improving parks or landscaping.
  - a. A publicly accessible open space that is open to the sky and at least 1,000 square feet in area, to be reviewed and approved as part of the master plan application at the time of master plan.
  - b. Including additional canopy trees on the property.
  - c. Maintaining a drought tolerant or native landscape throughout the site, reducing the need for irrigation, pesticides and fertilization. Or other improvements deemed appropriate by DRC.

Parking must be primarily structured parking, if the project exceeds 60 units per acre.

### **Secs.28-48 9-28-50. Reserved.**

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### Sec. 28-154. Parking structures.

(a) *Districts where permitted.*

RE	RR	R-1A	R-1B		R-1C		R-2	R-3	RMH-1		RMH-2		RHP		
HM	T	NC	CC	RC	OP	M-1	M-2		M-3		PID				
GU	OR	P	DMU				UMU	SMU	RMU				UV	IRCN	
			D	U	M	C			100	200	300	400	500		
			L	L	L	L								P	

(b) *Definition.* "Parking structures:" A stand-alone structure designed to accommodate vehicular parking spaces that are fully or partially enclosed or located on the deck surface of a building. This definition includes parking garages.

(c) *Standards.*

(1) In the Downtown Mixed-Use (DMU) zoning district, parking structures:

- a. On main thoroughfares shall have liner buildings lining the first and second stories. All parking lots, garages, and parking structures shall be located behind liner shops on the ground floor, or in a separate parking structure.
- b. Shall not have vehicular entrances to parking lots, garages, and parking structures wider than twenty-four (24) feet at the frontage.

## ARTICLE VI. ZONING DISTRICT STANDARDS

### Sec. 28-324. Downtown Mixed-Use (DMU) Smart Code.

Downtown Mixed-Use (DMU) Smart Code	
(a) <i>Purpose</i>	The Downtown Mixed-Use Zoning District (DMU) is established to promote the health, safety, social and economic welfare of the residents of the City by increasing the City's tax base and promoting the long-term economic growth and vitality of the downtown area. This district enables the City to encourage public and private development compatible with the character of the downtown area and in conformance with the Community Redevelopment Plan. The DMU encourages a mix of uses and development from throughout the District. Through the DMU, the City can become the center for economic and business affairs, expand employment and living opportunities, protect historic

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resources, promote new investment, protect the natural beauty and public spaces that make Titusville special, and encourage public use (not necessarily ownership) of the waterfront. It is further intended that this district will use the existing grid street network as the spine or bones of improved pedestrian and vehicular circulation, parking management, and encouragement of excellence in urban design, preserving the unique character and historic fabric of the downtown. In this way, will the City have a diverse, welcoming downtown for entertainment, tourism, employment, recreation, business, and living.

**(b) Use Standards**

See Chapter 28 Article IV and Article V

**(c) Intensity and Dimensional Standards**

Development Parameters		Downtown	Uptown	Midtown	Civic Waterfront	Notes/Comments
Mixed-Use Allowance	Residential	Up to 100%	Minimum 20% <sup>1</sup>	Up to 100%	Not Permitted	Parcel-by-parcel basis, measured by building square footage.
	Non-Residential	Up to 100%	Minimum 30%	Up to 100%	Up to 100%	
Civic/Public Open Space Required		<u>Yes</u> NA. <u>This is satisfied by streetscape standards.</u>	Yes	Yes	NA	*Plazas, gathering spaces, outdoor seating, outdoor eating and like are Civic and Public spaces; Open space % includes setback, parking, stormwater, and all impervious areas; minimum size of public or civic spaces shall be 500 square feet.
Ground Level Non-Residential Required		No	Yes	No	NA	
Density/Intensity	Density	<u>30 units per acre</u> <sup>3</sup>	30 units per acre	20 units per acre	NA	
	Max. Building Coverage	100%	60%	50%	15%	Instead of using a Floor Area Ratio to govern intensity, this proposes to use building coverage percentage.

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	Min. Open Space*	0%	30%	25%	50%	
Setbacks* <sup>4</sup>	Arterial Front	0' <u>min 15'</u> <u>from back</u> <u>of curb</u> <u>max 20'</u> <u>from back</u> <u>of curb</u>	40'	20'	NA	
	Side	0' <u>or 3'</u>	25'	15'	NA	
	Street-side	<u>min 15'</u> <u>from back</u> <u>of curb</u> <u>max 20'</u> <u>from back</u> <u>of curb</u>	40'	20'	NA	
	Rear	<u>15'-5'</u>	15'	20'	NA	If alleyway is used, rear setback is 0'.
					From Mean High Water Line	
Accessory Structures: Location, Size, and Setbacks		5' from <u>interior</u> <u>side and</u> <u>rear</u> property lines. <sup>5</sup>	5' from <u>interior</u> <u>side and</u> <u>rear</u> property lines. <sup>5</sup>	5' from <u>interior</u> <u>side and</u> <u>rear</u> property lines. <sup>5</sup>	NA	
Height (stories)		5	5/10 <sup>2</sup>	3	3	
LEGEND:						
NA means Not Applicable						
<sup>1</sup> Marinas in the Uptown subdistrict shall not be required to provide a residential component.						
<sup>2</sup> Ten (10) stories maximum height for conventional/hotel/entertainment facilities as approved by City Council with a recommendation from the DCRA. Ten (10) stories maximum height for multifamily west of US 1 as approved by City Council with a recommendation from the DCRA. Multifamily structures on properties abutting (defined as sharing a property line) single-family residential uses shall be limited to five (5) stories.						
<sup>3</sup> Density may be increased through the Downtown Density Bonus Incentive Program						
<sup>4</sup> See streetscape requirements in Table 1.						
<sup>5</sup> Accessory structures may not be located between the primary structure and the street and must not protrude the primary structure façade and the street.						
General Notes:	Transit Oriented Development Design provided on the next table. Setbacks, lot coverage, and parking subject to waiver provisions. Minimum lot size: None					

**Table 1**

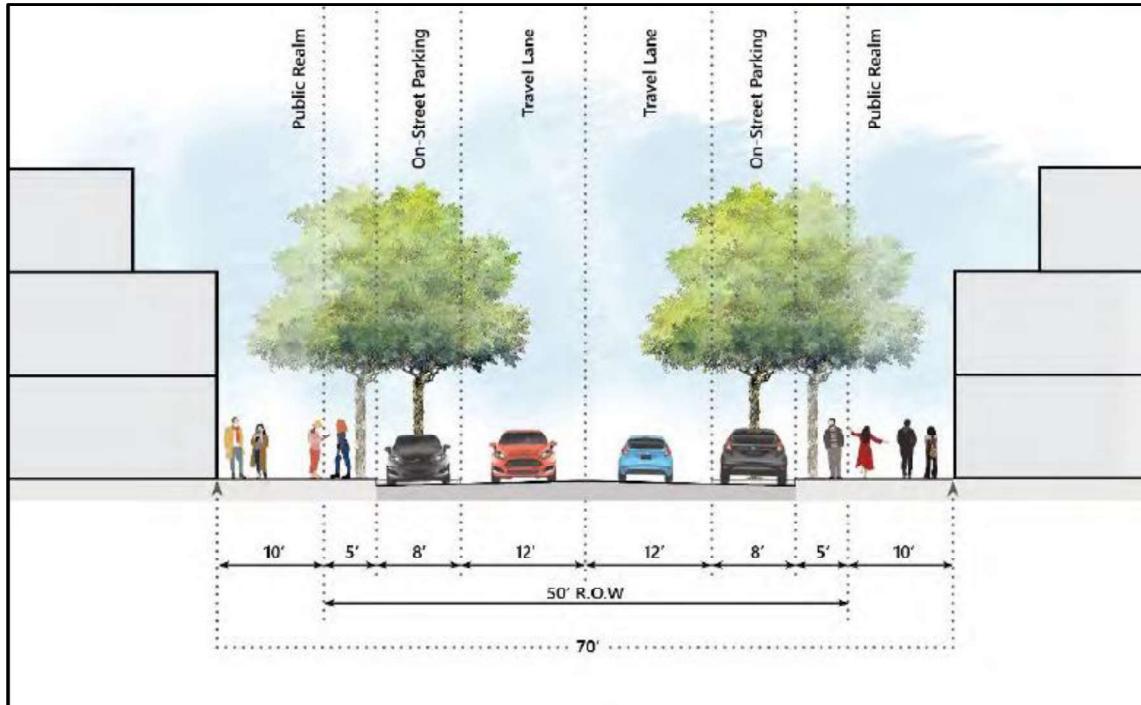
<u>Treatment</u>	<u>Streetscape</u>	<u>Street Trees</u>
<u>A</u> <u>Garden Street</u> <u>South Street</u>	<u>From back of curb 7 ft. min planting strip, a 6 ft. minimum planting zone, with a minimum setback of 15 ft.</u>	
<u>B</u> <u>US-1</u> (Washington & Hopkins)  <u>Main St.</u>	<u>These roadways have significant improvements completed by the city and therefore additional streetscape requirements are not imposed. New developments along these corridors shall maintain a minimum 15 ft. setback from back of curb and a maximum setback of 25 ft. from back of curb. Should the 25 ft. setback be utilized, programming is required to provide open space, outdoor seating or resting opportunities. Waivers can be granted by the DCRA when restoring the setback patterns of the adjacent or historic buildings.</u>	<u>Canopy street trees are required between twenty-five (25) and forty (40) linear feet on-center, alternating with street trees; or when utilities prohibit canopy trees, understory trees are required every twenty (20) linear feet on-center.</u>
<u>C</u> <u>Palm Ave S.</u>	<u>Building facades shall be located no less than 35 feet from the centerline of the right-of-way, with a maximum setback of 40 ft. from the centerline of the right-of-way.<sup>1,2</sup></u> <u>Included within the 35 ft. setback from the centerline, a required 15 ft. streetscape zone shall be provided as follows:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. <u>15-foot Streetscape. Beginning at the 35 ft. setback, a 10 ft. wide sidewalk shall be installed adjacent to a 5 ft. wide tree zone. The street trees in this zone shall be planted in tree wells using structural soil and root barrier systems.</u></li><li>b. <u>Should any part of the street setback zone fall within private property an easement will be required over that area.</u></li><li>c. <u>Modifications to the placement of the tree zone and sidewalk may be approved via waiver, per Sec. 34-296.</u></li><li>d. <u>Modifications for additional programming for the pedestrian realm to satisfy bonus eligibility criteria must be coordinated with staff at the time of site plan review.</u></li></ul> <p><u>See Figure 1 below for future cross section. Note that the on-street parking shall be installed by the City at a future date or by the developer as criteria to be eligible for a bonus.</u></p>	<u>Street trees can be installed in wells, planters, or in a planting strip.</u>
<u>D</u>	<u>A 15 ft. wide City Service easement is required from back of curb.</u>	

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<u>Any other street not designated A, B, or C.</u>	<p><u>Street trees are required where parkway strips exist between the road and sidewalk upon redevelopment. If parkway strip does not exist, a 7 ft. wide planting zone shall be constructed adjacent to the existing back of asphalt.</u></p> <p><u>Sidewalks shall be required to be constructed along the entire length of the property as the property adjoins public right-of-way upon redevelopment, at a minimum of 8 ft. wide.</u></p>	
<b>Notes:</b>		
<sup>1</sup> For lots with multiple street frontages, a maximum setback may be waived from one or more streets.		
<sup>2</sup> To ensure consistent frontage conditions, setbacks are measured from the back of curb. Where the distance between property line and the curb is greater than the maximum setback, the maximum setback shall be two (2) feet from the property line. All setbacks are subject to the requirement that no structure shall encroach onto the public right of way nor shall any structure encroach into any utility easement without approval by the City.		
<sup>3</sup> The following features may extend forward of the minimum setback provided they do not encroach into public right-of-way:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Awnings, canopies, balconies, or other projections that do not obstruct pedestrian movement at street level.</li> <li>b. Galleries or colonnades subject to design approval by the Planning and Development Director. (cannot be located in utility easements)</li> </ol>		

**Figure 1 – Palm Ave. S - C Streetscape**



## Titusville DMU Parking Standards General

9.21.2.2. On-site parking shall be located to the rear of the buildings in the DMU

9.21.2.4. Parking Structures on the main thoroughfares shall have Liner Buildings lining the first and second stories. All parking lots, garages, and parking structures shall be located behind liner shops on the ground floor; or in a separate parking structure

9.21.2.5. Vehicular entrances to parking lots, garages, and parking structures shall be no wider than twenty-four (24) feet at the Frontage.

9.21.2.6. A minimum of one (1) bicycle rack space for every twenty (20) required vehicular parking spaces shall be provided on-site in a visible and accessible location.

9.21.2.7. Structures existing at the time of adoption of this provision (October 26, 2010) that do not have on-site parking are not required under this section to create parking, unless the structure is expanded by more than thirty-five (35) percent of the square footage of floor area at the time of adoption of this ordinance.

9.16.2. Motorcycle spaces may comprise up to fifty (50) percent of the required bicycle spaces. Said motorcycle spaces may be counted toward the required vehicular spaces.

**Table 9.21.3.2 - DMU Required Parking Spaces**

<i>Use</i>	<i>Parking Requirement</i>
Residential <sup>1</sup>	2 spaces per dwelling; <del>1 additional space for accessory unit</del>
Office	3 spaces per 1,000 s.f.
Retail	<u>3</u> <del>4</del> spaces per 1,000 s.f.
Night club, tavern, bar	<u>1.5</u> space per <u>1000-750</u> s.f.
Restaurant (sit down)	<u>4</u> <del>6</del> spaces per 1,000 s.f.
Restaurant (fast food)	4 spaces per 1,000 s.f.
Industrial	<u>0.25</u> <del>1</del> space per 1,000 s.f.
Warehouse	<u>0.25</u> <del>1</del> space per 2,500 s.f.

<sup>1</sup> Multifamily structures over 12 units shall require one space per residential unit up to two bedrooms, one-half space per bedroom thereafter

